IN THE CLAIMS

The claims are as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of forming at least a portion of a golf ball core which comprises:
 - mixing a resilient polymer component, a free-radical initiator, and a reinforcing polymer component to provide an uncrosslinked first mixture having a rigidity as determined by a flexural modulus greater than about 3.5 MPa;
 - forming the first mixture into a plurality of shells in a desired shape, wherein the reinforcing polymer component imparts sufficient rigidity to the shells to maintain the desired shape until the first mixture is crosslinked;

providing a center;

- assembling at least two shells <u>from the plurality of shells</u> concentrically about the center to form a first mantle layer, wherein the first mantle layer and center together form <u>the golf</u> [[a]] ball core; and
- applying sufficient heat and pressure to the core for a time sufficient to at least partially crosslink the first mixture in the <u>at least two</u> shells, thereby curing at least a portion of the golf ball core.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>step of forming the</u> first mixture <u>comprises forming the first mixture into a plurality of shells having is formed into</u> an ellipsoidal shape.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, which further comprises selecting the resilient polymer component to have a molecular weight average of between about 50,000 to 1,000,000.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, which further comprises selecting the reinforcing polymer component to have a crystalline melting temperature between 35°C to 120° C.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first mixture is formed into a plurality of shells by injection molding.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming the first mixture into a plurality of shells in a desired shape comprises desired shape is provided by compression molding the first mixture.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the golf ball core has a midpoint and the center of the core is disposed within about 0.5 mm from the midpoint.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, which further comprises adjusting the flexural modulus of the uncrosslinked first mixture to at least about 7 MPa.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of mixing a resilient polymer component, a free-radical initiator, and a reinforcing polymer component to provide an uncrosslinked first mixture [[which]] further comprises selecting components to provide a crosslinked first mixture having adjusting a loss tangent of the uncrosslinked first mixture to less than about 0.15 at -60°C and less than about 0.05 at 30°C[[,]] and adjusting the a tensile storage modulus [[to]] of greater than about 100 MPa at -60°C and greater than about 50 MPa at 30°C, each when measured at 1 Hz and one percent strain.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>reinforcing polymer</u> component has a melting temperature of about 35 °C to about 120°C and the crosslinking temperature are selected to differ by about 60°C to 160°C.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the golf ball core comprises a solid center or liquid center, and optionally comprises elastic windings about the solid center or liquid center is selected to comprise a center including surrounding elastic windings, a solid center, or a liquid center.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, which further comprises forming at least one additional layer about the center prior to assembling the <u>at least two</u> shells <u>from the plurality of shells</u> concentrically about the center, after assembling the <u>at least two</u> shells concentrically about the center, or after heating the <u>golf ball</u> core.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the additional layer is formed around the core after heating the core to provide a cover disposed concentrically about the golf ball core.

14. - 33. (Canceled)

34. (Previously Presented) A method of forming a golf ball, comprising:

mixing a resilient polymer component and a reinforcing polymer component to provide an uncrosslinked first mixture having a flexural modulus of greater than 3.5 MPa, wherein the reinforcing polymer component has a sufficiently low glass transition temperature to permit mixing of the reinforcing polymer component and the resilient polymer component while avoiding substantial crosslinking;

forming the first mixture into a plurality of shells in a desired shape, wherein the reinforcing polymer component imparts sufficient rigidity to the <u>plurality of</u> shells to maintain the desired shape until the first mixture is crosslinked; providing a center;

assembling at least two shells <u>from the plurality of shells</u> concentrically about the center to form a first mantle layer, wherein the first mantle layer and center together form a golf ball core; and

applying sufficient heat and pressure to the golf ball core for a time sufficient to at least partially crosslink the first mixture in the <u>at least two</u> shells, thereby curing at least a portion of the golf ball core; and forming a golf ball cover disposed about the golf ball core.

35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the step of forming the golf ball cover comprises the steps of:

providing a cover material, wherein the cover material comprises urethane, balata, a partially neutralized ionomer, or a fully neutralized ionomer; and forming the cover material about the golf ball core.

36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 34, further comprising the steps of: providing a crosslinking agent; and mixing the crosslinking agent with the first mixture.

- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 34, further comprising the steps of: providing a free radical initiator; and mixing the free radical initiator with the first mixture.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 37, wherein the free-radical initiator is an organic peroxide.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the reinforcing polymer component comprises a block copolymer ether/ester, an acrylic polyol, a transpolyisoprene, a transpolybutadiene, a 1,2-polybutadiene, an ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer, a polyethylene or copolymer thereof, or a cyclooctene.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 36, wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a metallic salt selected from the group consisting of an unsaturated fatty acid, a monocarboxylic acid, and mixtures thereof.